

Hawaiian Gazette.

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SEMI-WEEKLY,
ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 21

IS IT ONLY A LEADER?

It is timely to consider the effect which has been produced on the minds of men accustomed to weigh public events, by the continuous vaudeville performance given at the Executive Building and Bungalow under the joint stage management of "America," J. Emmeluth and "Oily Bill" White. The view of thoughtful men here is known; one hears the chorus of condemnation on all sides. The effort of the performers to answer to a feeble call for the curtain, excited the risibles as well as the pity, of all who were conversant with American methods.

Accustomed to consider national affairs with an eye gauged for long distances as well as for microscopic investigation, the newspaper writer of the national capital brings to his analysis a familiarity with governmental methods and results which gives to his conclusion something of authority. With these facts known the following editorial from the Washington Star will be read with interest:

It appears from recent comments by the Honolulu press that the Home Rule party has disintegrated and is no longer a serious factor in the situation. Unfortunately the freak session tended as well to demoralize the Republican opposition, so that the adjournment of the Legislature seems to have left a chaotic state of politics for the next campaign to resolve into a semblance of order.

The small dispatches announce that the Governor refused to extend the regular session of the Legislature, which has been utterly wasted on futile attempts at bill-passing. The appropriations remain to be passed, and the Governor may call an extra session for this purpose later. The chief cause of trouble during the regular session was that each member seemed to think the body had been created solely to permit him to enact some nonsensical idea into law. Some of the propositions, on which The Star has already commented, were almost beyond credence. There was an inordinate amount of wrangling over personalities, whole days being consumed with debates upon items of precedence while the Royalists lost no opportunity to make capital for the lost regime. On the whole, however, the session was probably a wholesome experience, for it at least demonstrated that the unaided, uncontrolled native Hawaiians, spurred on by ignorant demagogues, are not ready to assume the responsibility of legislation and government, and at the same time it may have been a valuable object lesson in showing what to avoid in the drawing of party lines in future campaigns. It is evident that the Home Rule native party, unless it gains a leader of commanding force and determined purpose, will never be a dominant factor in Hawaiian politics.

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACES.

From this time on every newspaper arriving from the mainland will be scanned by local devotees of sport for news of the racing yachts. Interest will be greater this year, by reason of the fact that with Independence and Constitution struggling for the honor of defending the America's cup, the local loyalty will be fanned by each breeze which drives them forward in a trial. As between the Boston and Bristol crafts American opinion is divided, and each will have its ample following.

Meanwhile news from beyond the Atlantic indicates that the challenger will be the most formidable opponent against which American handicraft and seamanship has been measured for many years. It may be that the grounding of the Shamrock II during her brush with her elder sister off Southampton will be regarded as an ill omen by sailors, but it is more an evidence that the pilots did not know their business. As to rocks and shoals, it's an old pill to adage along the Atlantic that if one doesn't know where they are he should know where they are not.

Although there was really no test in the true sense of the word between the two boats on that occasion, Shamrock II, seems to have scored a point or two over her competitor. The new boat footed faster than the old one, but according to the despatches she seemed a bit tender on the wind. All the same she pleased her owner and designer, and new boats are almost always tender. It is not at all likely that Shamrock II, will prove to be a crank, but what she really amounts to as an up-to-date cup hunter can only be known after she has spread her wings in company with the American craft. The summer is coming. The fun will soon begin.

The Associated Press forecast that Governor Dole will not be removed at the request of the Hawaiian Home Rule Legislature was hardly necessary. No one of acquaintance with American politics supposed that such a request would have any influence at Washington save to excite the risibles. Governor Dole was not appointed to serve at the pleasure of the Hawaiian Legislature, but at that of the President of the United States; and the President appears to be satisfied with the Governor's administration. This is rather rough on the "Governor-must-go" party, but it was to have been expected.

Reports by the Zealandia from the Independent Missionaries to the President will give increased importance to UNCLE SAM in the eyes of Johnnies.

Maie was kind to the people when that New York girl lost her reason before completing her problem novel.

ENCOURAGEMENT OF COFFEE.

There is much encouragement to Hawaiian coffee-growers in the news this paper has published, touching the conclusion reached by the Treasury Department, that all the coffee consumed in the United States can be grown in Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines. If Congress comes to agree with this conclusion, the next step will naturally be the imposition of a duty on foreign coffee. That would make an instant market for Hawaiian coffee, stimulating the industry here and enabling it to make the good returns which would be had now but for the free access of Central American coffee to the markets of the United States.

While there are some districts on these islands where coffee has not been quite what growers and consumers desired, there are others, notably Hamakua, where the bean flourishes and thrives as in the native soil. In other districts the trouble is, perhaps, one of cultivation. From the general adaptability of Porto Rico to coffee—a place of similar climate and soil and nearly the same latitude as Hawaii—it may be inferred that the area of coffee-growing land here would prove to be much larger than experiments have yet determined. Time was when the limit of cane-growing possibilities was fixed at 25,000 tons per annum. It now exceeds 300,000 tons. A duty on coffee by stimulating enterprise and research would, perhaps, increase the recent yield in an equally surprising ratio.

We think the duty will come. Hawaii is entitled to its share of benefits from the present economic policy of the United States. Porto Rico and the Philippines, if definitely organized as part of the Union instead of possessions thereof, will have to be given the benefit of a duty on coffee, not only as a matter of justice, but of policy. So the chances seem very good indeed that, before very long, those who have stood by coffee in Hawaii will be rewarded for their patience.

A BAD ADVERTISEMENT.

A gentleman asks the Advertiser to say more about the travesty on Hawaiian civilization which has become a Midway feature of the Pan-American fair. "I went to the Omaha show," he says, "and was naturally anxious to see what Hawaii was doing for herself. On arriving at the island section I heard a splendor say that he would exhibit a man-eating native of Hawaii, and out came a dark fellow in tights and a lurid skirt, his face gotten up into some hideous disguise. 'Don't be afraid, ladies and gentlemen,' said the splendor reassuringly. 'He is more scared than you are. He never saw the likes of you before. Step right in and see more of these savage people engaged in their barbarous pastimes.' I went in and saw a disgusting hula. My friends in the East, many of whom saw the performance, wonder why I cared to live among such creatures, supposing that the great majority of the people here dress in grass aprons or tights and amuse themselves with animal orgies."

It is both a disgrace and a risk to fortune to Hawaii that nothing can be done to protect the fame of our island people from the effect of savage and sensual exhibitions given in their names. Offers can be used, and one has been set up at Buffalo in the form of a school exhibit; but the trouble is that vastly more people go to a fair to be amused than instructed; and thousands who see the Midway show will not go near the school exhibit. They might, however, go gladly to a stereopticon display of Hawaii which, as we have said before, would do more to counteract the influence of the Midway than any other form of entertainment. It is a pity that one is not being made.

AALA PARK AND ITS NEEDS.

One of the greatest needs of all the public breathing spaces is that for the improvement of the Aala or River Park. This plot of ground, ewa of Nuuanu stream, since having been set aside by the Legislature two years ago, has received nothing in the way of improvement. It is a desolate spot, its surface now dust and now mud, and for the purpose for which it was intended, as useless as though it were in existence.

Since the destruction of the Royal School buildings the old quarantine warehouse has been utilized for the pupils. It is not an ideal school house, rather a mere makeshift. It had to be used and it will continue in service for some time. Meanwhile the only playground offered to the children who are instructed there is the waste which was intended to be a park. In its dust and mud they must play, for they cannot get their needed exercise in the busy street. They romp over its filthy surface; the wind sweeps its dust and grime upon them, and they carry away with them the germs of no one knows how many ailments.

At the best this refuse-strewn stretch is unsightly; at the worst it is a breeding ground for disease. The sun bakes its surface and the wind distributes the bacilli where it listeth, and no one knows the fruits of such seed. This, then, when the conditions might be remedied so readily.

The assigned reason for failure to improve the appearance of the park is the lack of appropriation. In the estimates of the Governor, as submitted to the Legislature, the appropriation appears coupled with that for Makiki Park and the addition of the word "new," the amount set down at \$2,000.

But there is a way out of the dilemma, a plan which would mean the almost immediate reclamation of the waste. A dozen convicts might be spared from the rock piles while the entire open space was seeded to grass. This might be done in sections, the part immediately under cultivation being closed until the seed started and the grass was in comparatively little danger of being trodden to death. Any plan which would change this unsightly spot to one which would offer green grass for driving dust or malignant mud would be more acceptable than present conditions.

The life preserver of Prof. Sharpe is a soft rubber vest containing calcium carbide. A little water in a separate receptacle is emptied on the carbide in case of need, and causes generation of acetylene gas and inflation of the vest. Rubber pockets can be made to serve in the same way.

SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

By exposing a metal plate to the violent rays of the spectrum M. Naudon has obtained X rays from sunlight, without electricity.

The stingless bee, of which several colonies have been discovered in the island of Montserrat in the West Indies, will be an object of much interest, as it is believed that its honey-producing capabilities will be greatly improved in modern hives.

Natural granite pulverized and shaped by pressure and heat was used at first for ornamental blocks. It has been since found serviceable for electric insulation, and its resistance to acids and chipping have now given it a place for lining sulphite digesters for treating wood pulp.

A "leather-sole fluid," proposed by E. Soxhlet for preventing slipping, consists of 20 grammes of thick turpentine, 200 grammes of colophony, 50 grammes of benzine and 200 grammes of alcohol, the mixture being allowed to stand in a bottle in a warm place until the turpentine and colophony have dissolved. The solution is applied several times to the shoe soles. Not only is the slipperiness overcome, but the leather is preserved.

Headings of the wind's force are transmitted electrically to a distance by a new French instrument. The spindle carrying the revolving cups of an ordinary anemometer also carries a small gramme ring, which revolves in the field of a strong permanent magnet, and connection is made between the coils of the ring and a special form of voltmeter, whose graduations are adjusted to correspond to speeds of the wind as measured by the anemometer.

In an examination of the fluids of 5842 stomachs Dr. J. H. Kellogg has found 28.8 per cent to contain bacteria. None exist when the food has been sterile. Hydrochloric acid seems to be important in giving antiseptic power to the stomach. It has been supposed, but it was proven that a fruit dietary will sterilize the stomach through the action of the vegetable acids. In some cases of bacterial degeneration an exclusive fruit diet for two days to a week may be necessary. Any acid fruit may be employed, and is more active raw than cooked. Ripe bananas and even ripe olives, though without marked germicidal power, may be included in the fruit dietary with advantage.

The production of cocoanut butter at the factory in Mannheim, which dates from 1886, has now reached about ten tons per day. The butter, which is used as a substitute for butter and lard, is claimed to contain 99 per cent of vegetable fat with only a trace of water, while ordinary butter consists of 85 per cent of fat and nearly 15 per cent water. The price in Germany is about half that of butter. Cocoanut butter keeps three or four months in a cool place, and its wholesomeness and digestibility are giving it a steady gain in favor for baking and cooking, especially for hospital and army camps. The processes by which the fat of the cocoanut kernel is freed from free acids and other substances are mostly secret.

A new apparatus of Mr. Shepard Cowper Coles, a London physicist, is designed to localize sounds rapidly and to project sounds to a great distance. It consists essentially of an upright concave mirror, suitably mounted, in a focus of which is fixed a right concave mirror, suitably mounted at this end of the tube being turned toward the mirror while one at the other end is free. The mounting enables the operator to raise or lower the mirror, or turn it toward or away from the point. To find the direction from which any sound comes, it is simply necessary to listen at the free mouthpiece while the mirror is moved until sound reaches its greatest intensity, and for sending forth speech or other sounds the free mouthpiece serves as a transmitter. Conversation over a long distance may be carried on between operators having duplicates of the apparatus.

The following is an extract of a bona fide letter which a woman named New Haven, Conn., wrote to Clyde Fitch the other day: "I have been reading of the vast amount of money you have been making this year by writing plays. I do not approve of the theater myself, but I would like to ask a small favor of you. I am a lady who has been married, but with God's help and your assistance I think the sun of prosperity may shine on me again. I am a widow with three daughters. The eldest died two years ago and ever since I have been most anxious to have her grave sodded. Won't you please send her grave for me, my dear Mr. Fitch? My second daughter could make a very good marriage if you would only send her \$200 with which to buy her trousseau. My third daughter has a beautiful voice. The doctor says it cannot be properly trained for less than \$100. In short, dear Mr. Fitch, send me a check for \$500, which will be an amount of good you will be doing for the world. My daughter's grave will be sodded, my second girl will have a loving wife, and my baby will have a voice to earn money for her mother with; and I shall still have enough of your money left to hire a second-hand piano. Be sure and send the money by registered letter, as I think the ordinary mail is so unreliable."

CEMENT HOUSES.

Hollow blocks of cement instead of bricks are being used for building purposes in Denmark. The blocks are made later upon a dead child. The child's playthings were in church and attention listeners to a discourse mainly biographical. The preacher concluded: "I can see him—yes, I can see our dead little friend," he looked upward, and the eyes of the children were registered, fixed upon the ceiling of the church. There he is, correlated in heaven, playing about with all the other little angels. This allusion to the coral, that homely feature in the western landscape, appeared forcibly to the imagination of the children, but surely the ridiculous was too perilously near the sublime."

Horace Annexes Vachell says that the irreverence of the children of the West is partly the fault of the pastors. He adds: "I remember a funeral sermon preached by a Presbyterian minister upon a dead child. The child's playthings were in church and attention listeners to a discourse mainly biographical. The preacher concluded: 'I can see him—yes, I can see our dead little friend,' he looked upward, and the eyes of the children were registered, fixed upon the ceiling of the church. There he is, correlated in heaven, playing about with all the other little angels. This allusion to the coral, that homely feature in the western landscape, appeared forcibly to the imagination of the children, but surely the ridiculous was too perilously near the sublime."

Ride a Monarch when for sale at Walker's Cycles, King street.

CANNOT FIND THE PARENTS
Japanese Child Is
Destined for the
School.

The summons issued citing the parents of Yumie Ishikawa to appear and show cause why the custody of the four-year-old child should not be given over to W. K. Axbill, he to place her in the Hawaiian Orphanage, has been returned unserved, after due and diligent search on the part of Deputy Sheriff McGurn, who reports that the parties summoned cannot be found.

SING CHONG WINS.

The case of Sing Chong & Co. vs. Lin Hop Wal Company, which has been in Judge Edging's Court since Thursday last, was taken up again yesterday morning, and in the afternoon was submitted to the jury. The following verdict was returned:

"We, the jury, find for the plaintiff the possession of property and damages in the sum of \$18.83 (none dissenting). W. H. McInerney, foreman."

METCALF VS. LOPEZ.

In the case of Thomas Metcalf vs. Antonio Lopez, answer has been filed by the defendant by his attorney, F. Russell. He states that the land in Manoa Valley was conveyed by Frank Metcalf on November 30, 1880, for the consideration of \$200 to John R. Silva, and on January 14, 1886, by John H. Soper, Marshal of the Hawaiian Kingdom, for \$550 to the defendant, the land having been sold by order of Justice Preston. On November 1, 1897, plaintiff conveyed the land by deed to defendant, from a desire to confirm the act of his father, "who pretended to convey the fee in said land" and to recompense the defendant for money paid to the plaintiff and the plaintiff's father.

CASES ON APPEAL.

John H. Coney has filed his bond in the sum of \$7,500 as trustee of the estate of Mary S. Ashton and children. A. Fernandez and S. W. Wilson are sureties on said bond. In this matter a receipt has been filed showing that John Epa, formerly administrator in said estate, has paid over to J. H. Coney, said trustee, the sum of \$14,143.30, the same being the amount of cash in the hands of said former administrator.

COURT NOTES.

The defendant in the case of J. Alfred Magoon vs. Louis Marks has filed his bond on appeal in the sum of \$200. E. C. Winston being surety. A motion for a new trial has been made by the plaintiff in the case of T. W. Hobron vs. C. I. Helm, on the ground that the verdict rendered was contrary to the law, the evidence and the weight of evidence, and that the court erred in instructing the jury.

In the case of Kan Wing Chew vs. Chas. F. Chillingworth, the defendant by his attorneys, Robertson & Wilder, has filed an answer of general denial to the amended declaration of plaintiff.

Upon the petition of Mrs. Maria Kalamakee that Miss Becky Leikula Kellipule be substituted for plaintiff in the action to quiet title of S. H. Kalamakee vs. H. Wharton, et al., showing that said plaintiff is dead, the court yesterday ordered that said Becky Leikula Kellipule be substituted for plaintiff in said cause, and that said petitioner, Mrs. Maria Kalamakee, be appointed her guardian with power to act for plaintiff (who is a minor) in said matter.

An amended declaration in the case of T. M. Harrison vs. J. A. Magoon, et al., has been filed by the consent of Judge Edging, allowing the defendant twenty days in which to file his answer.

In the case of the Territory vs. Queen Liliuokalani and John H. Wilson, the defendants have filed their bond on appeal in the penal sum of \$50, J. O. Carter being principal. The appeal is taken from the order of the First Judge of the First Circuit Court, overruling defendants' demurrer.

The plaintiff in the case of Harvey R. Hitchcock vs. The Hawaiian Tramways Company, Limited, has filed his bond on appeal in the sum of \$200, with William O. Smith as surety.

The British Columbia ranchers are gathering wild horses for the British Government.

A large paper mill is to be erected on the McCloud river, near Redding, Cal.

A steamer on Lake Superior caught fire last week and five women perished.

Calles, the insurgent leader, has retreated to the south, pursued by troops.

An American locomotive trust, with a capital of \$20,000,000, is about to be formed.

California dogs prove superior to Eastern competitors at the San Francisco show.

The big corporation store at American Fork, Utah, burned to the ground last week.

A brilliant meteor exploded and fell at Cumberland, Maryland, with terrifying effect.

Many soldiers and rioters are killed and wounded in the riots at Barcelona, Spain.

Non-union restaurants in San Francisco have been boycotted by the Labor Council.

The volcano of Isarco, Salvador, has ceased erupting. The natives fear earthquakes.

It is said that the war in South Africa is likely to last another year and that fresh troops are badly needed.

Father Amado of Mexico City is accused of stealing society funds and abducting a young girl who has disappeared.

The growth of the Y. M. C. A. at Stanford has warranted the hiring of a secretary at \$50 per month.

Lord Pauncefoot is said to be personally interested in the release of the wrecker Alaska, which was seized by the Canadian customs officials.

While two practical jokes of laws were pretending to have a companion, a pretty figure above broke and fell on one of them, crushing his skull.

The Stimulus
of Pure Blood

That is what is required by every organ of the body, for the proper performance of its functions.

It prevents biliousness, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney complaint, rheumatism, catarrh, nervousness, weakness, faintness, pimples, blotches, and all cutaneous eruptions.

It perfects all the vital processes.

W. P. Keeton, Woodstock, Ala., took Hood's Sarsaparilla to make his blood pure. He writes that he had not felt well but tired for some time. Before he had finished the first bottle of this medicine he felt better and when he had taken the second was like another man—free from that tired feeling and able to do his work.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Accept no substitute, but get Hood's today

HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, May 20, 1901.

NAME OF STOCK.	Capital	Val	Bid	Ask
MERCANTILE.				
J. Brewer & Co.	1,000,000	100	425	
N. S. Dry Goods Co., Ltd.	175,000	100		
Co. Ltd.	80,000	100	90	
L. B. Kerr & Co., Ltd.	20,000	50	47 1/2	
SUGAR.				
Ewa	5,000,000	20	28 1/2	29 1/2
Hawaii	1,000,000	100		
Haw. Agricultural Co.	1,000,000	100		
Haw. Com. & Sug. Co.	2,812,750	100		
Honolulu	2,000,000	20	40	41 1/2
Honokaa	2,000,000	20	30	31 1/2
Haleiwa	500,000	100	240	
Kahuku	500,000	20	2	2 1/2
Kilauea Plant Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	50	11 1/2	12 1/2
Kilauea	1,000,000	100		
Kona Sugar Co.	500,000	100	50	
McBryde & Co., Ltd.	822,500	20	11	12
Maui	1,500,000	20		
Nahiku Sugar Co., Ltd.	500,000	20		
Oahu Sugar Co.	1,000,000	20	100	102 1/2
Onohou	1,000,000	20		
Ookala	500,000	20	18 1/2	19 1/2
Olae Sugar Co., Ltd.	812,500	20	4 1/2	5 1/2
Pahoa	2,500,000	20		
Pailolo	150,000	100	150	
Panama Sug. Plant Co.	5,000,000	50		
Panama	500,000	100		
Pepee	750,000	100	180	
Pioneer	2,000,000	100	101 1/2	102 1/2
Waialeale	4,500,000	100	17 1/2	18 1/2
Wailuku	700,000	100	87 1/2	
Waimanalo	252,000	100		
Waimanalo	135,000	100	89 1/2	91 1/2
STAMPING CO.				
Wilder & S. Co.	500,000	100	100	
Wilder & S. Co.	500,000	100	100	
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Hawaiian Electric Co.	250,000	100		
Hon. R. P. & L. Co.	250,000	100		
Hon. Steam Laundry	25,000	100		
Metropolitan Telephone Co.	50,000	10	9 1/2	
O. & L. Co.	3,000,000	100		
People's Ice & Ref. Co.	150,000	100	85	
BANKS.				
First National Bank			110	
First Am. Savings Bk. & Trust Co.			102 1/2	
BONDS.				
Haw. Govt. 5 per cent.			94	
Haw. Govt. Postal Savings 4 per cent.				
Hon. & L. Co. 4 per cent.			97 1/2	
Hon. & L. Co. 5 per cent.			97 1/2	
Hwa. Plantation & P. Co.			100	
O. & L. Co.			100	
Olae Plant. 5 p. c.			10 1/2	

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DATE.	High Tide.	Low Tide.	High Tide.	Low Tide.	Sun Sets.	Moon Sets.
Mon. 20	5:11 p.m.	1:14 a.m.	5:14 p.m.	1:20 a.m.	5:20 a.m.	9:27
Tue. 21	5:17 p.m.	1:10 a.m.	5:20 p.m.	1:16 a.m.	5:20 a.m.	9:19
Wed. 22	5:24 p.m.	1:07 a.m.	5:26 p.m.	1:12 a.m.	5:19 a.m.	9:10
Thurs. 23	5:31 p.m.	1:04 a.m.	5:33 p.m.	1:08 a.m.	5:18 a.m.	9:01
Fri. 24	5:37 p.m.	1:01 a.m.	5:39 p.m.	1:04 a.m.	5:17 a.m.	8:52
Sat. 25	5:43 p.m.	1:00 a.m.	5:45 p.m.	1:00 a.m.	5:16 a.m.	8:43
Sun. 26	5:49 p.m.	1:00 a.m.	5:51 p.m.	9:56 a.m.	5:15 a.m.	8:34
Mon. 27	5:55 p.m.	1:00 a.m.	5:57 p.m.	9:52 a.m.	5:14 a.m.	8:25

First quarter of the moon on the 24th at 7:10 p.m.

The times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahului and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Honolulu. Hawaiian standard time is 10 hours 50 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 degrees 45 minutes. The time whistle blows at 1:10 p.m., which is the same as Greenwich, 4 hours 10 minutes. Sun and moon are for each time for the whole group.

Among the startling engineering suggestions of the day is that of a tube railway to the North Pole—not as a social venture, but as a scientific solution of a difficult problem regardless of cost. Starting from some point in Greenland, the tunnel would run in a direct line just beneath the surface of the ground, and would have stations at certain intervals, with large ones on the banks of channels or straits, where it would be necessary to build ferry-boats and provide for their housing in winter. With the completed line the summer explorer should be able to reach the Pole and return within a week. The motive power would be electricity, but we are not told how this would be obtained. In case of accident, the traveler would propel himself homeward by manual labor.

In a new German hectographic process, a faintly ground glass plate is written upon direct with hectographic ink. A negative is made by pressing a sheet of hectographic gelatine upon the plate, and copies are made from this negative in the usual way. When the reproductions become faint, the negative may be renewed by pressing again upon the glass plate, a special device causing the writing to fall upon the same place at each renewal.

Minister Wu is of the opinion that the easiest way to keep his countrymen out of the United States is to impose an educational test on all Chinese who wish to land. He says that the Chinese to whom the exclusion act applies are exceedingly ignorant, being generally unable to read or write their own language, so that the means he suggests would put a stop to nearly all the smuggling of